

# 1 - LEGATO AND REPEATED NOTES

Two Notes and Onset on repeated notes

Duprez: *L'art du chant*



Tohlleiter in wiederholt angeschlagenen Noten. Man kommt jedes Mal die erste der beiden Noten.  
Gammes en notes rebattues, accentuez la première de deux en deux.

PIANO.

Allegro vivace.

Terz = Intervall.  
Gebrauchlich.  
Intervalle de Tieree  
usité.

PIANO.

continued →

# 1 - LEGATO AND REPEATED NOTES

Quarten - Intervall,  
sehr gebräuchlich.  
Intervalle de Quarte,  
assez usité.

PIANO.

Musical score for quartal intervals. The top staff shows a continuous sequence of eighth-note chords in G major (G-B-D-G) across six measures. The bottom staff shows a corresponding piano accompaniment with eighth-note chords.

Quinten - Intervall,  
Wenig gebräuchlich.  
Intervalle de Quinte  
peu usité.

PIANO.

Musical score for quintal intervals. The top staff shows a continuous sequence of eighth-note chords in G major (G-B-D-G) across six measures. The bottom staff shows a corresponding piano accompaniment with eighth-note chords.

Sexten - Intervall,  
Wenig gebräuchlich.  
Intervalle de Sixte  
peu usité.

PIANO.

Musical score for sextal intervals. The top staff shows a continuous sequence of eighth-note chords in G major (G-B-D-G) across six measures. The bottom staff shows a corresponding piano accompaniment with eighth-note chords.

Septimen - Intervall,  
sehr selten.  
Intervalle de Septime  
très peu usité.

PIANO.

PIANO.

PIANO.

PIANO.



# 1 - LEGATO AND REPEATED NOTES

Two Notes: Portamento  
Bordèse: Méthode

élémentaire  
du chant

## DU PORT DE LA VOIX

(En italien *portamento*)

Porter la voix, c'est la conduire sans secousses d'un son à un autre. Pour bien faire cet exercice, il faut arriver insensiblement sur la 2<sup>de</sup> note en la répétant légèrement et sans quitter la voix.

Éviter avec soin de confondre le *portamento*, avec le son trainé dont l'effet est aussi mauvais que discordant.

*EXAMPLE.*



## NOTATION USUELLE.

Exercice pour se familiariser avec le *portamento*. (Il faut revenir souvent à ces deux exercices).

Onset and Agility  
Marchesi: *The Art of Singing*, Book 1, Op. 21

## Repeated notes.

In this exercise, in order to make the repeated notes perceptible, they must be lightly aspirated (ha, ha), but without overemphasis.



# 1 - LEGATO AND REPEATED NOTES

Onset and Agility

Panofka: *L'art de chanter*,

Op. 81

A musical score for voice and piano in G major (two sharps) and common time. It consists of eight staves of music, each with a vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The vocal line features repeated notes and sustained sounds, primarily 'ha' and 'a'. The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support with chords and bass notes. The score is designed to demonstrate legato and repeated note techniques.

García: *The Art of Singing*

## EXERCISES ON ASPIRATED SOUNDS.

A collection of musical exercises from García's book. The exercises are numbered 142 and 143, and are divided into two sections: one for soprano (treble clef) and one for bass (bass clef). Each section contains two staves of music. The exercises involve rapid vocal runs, sustained notes, and rhythmic patterns. The lyrics 'a ha ha &c.' are present in some of the exercises.